7

8 9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16

3

7

- cant a permit to use a distress flag. The commissioner shall determine the fee for the distress flag except that the fee shall not exceed the cost of the flag to the department. Each distress flag shall be numbered and in the event of its loss or destruction, the commissioner may issue a duplicate upon payment of the fee. The commissioner shall maintain a record of all applicants and those qualified applicants receiving permits and distress flags.
 - SEC. 4. If a person who has been issued a permit and distress flag under this Act becomes disqualified as a handicapped or paraplegic person, he shall return the permit and the distress flag to the department.
 - SEC. 5. Any person who is not qualified as a handicapped or paraplegic person and uses a distress flag as provided in this Act or for any other purpose is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or thirty days in jail. Approved June 14, 1971.

CHAPTER 113

FEDERAL-STATE UNEMPLOYMENT PROGRAM H. F. 704

AN ACT to extend and improve the federal-state unemployment compensation program.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Section ninety-six point three (96.3), subsection four (4), unnumbered paragraph one (1), Code 1971, is amended as follows:

An individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount equal to one [twenty-second] twentieth of his total wages in insured work paid during that quarter of his base period in which such total wages were highest, subject to the following limitation: The commission shall determine annually a maximum weekly benefit amount by computing fifty percent of the average weekly wage paid to employees in insured work which shall be effective the first day of the first full week in July. Beginning with the first full week in July of 1973, and each year thereafter the maximum weekly benefit amount shall be determined by computing fifty-five percent of the average weekly wage paid to employees in insured work. Such maximum weekly benefit amount, if not a multiple of one dollar shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of one dollar.

- 1 SEC. 2. Section ninety-six point three (96.3), Code 1971, is 2 amended by striking subsection seven (7).
- 1 Sec. 3. Section ninety-six point four (96.4), Code 1971, is 2 amended by adding the following subsections:
 - 1. "Benefits based on service in employment, defined in section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection seven (7), of the Code, shall be payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the basis of other service subject to this chapter; except that benefits based on service in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity

in an institution of higher education shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins during the period between two successive academic years or during a similar period between two regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract if the individual has a contract or contracts to perform services in any such capacity for any institution or institutions of higher education for both such academic years or both such terms."

2. "Notwithstanding any other provisions in this subsection, no otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training with the approval of the commission, nor shall such individual be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he is in training with the approval of the commission by reason of the application of the provision in subsection three (3) of this section relating to availability for work, and an active search for work or the provision of subsection three (3) of this section relating to failure to apply for or a refusal to accept suitable work."

Section ninety-six point five (96.5), subsection one (1), SEC. 4.

paragraph "b", Code 1971, is amended as follows:
b. He has been laid off from his regular employment and has sought temporary employment, and has notified his temporary employer that he expected to return to his regular job when it became available, and the temporary employer employed him under these conditions, and the worker did return to his regular employment with his regular employer as soon as it was available[, provided, however, if such temporary employment proves to be unsuitable, (if so found by the commission), he shall forfeit only the credits he may have earned in said unsuitable employment].

Section ninety-six point five (96.5), subsection one (1), Code 1971, is further amended by striking paragraph "a" and inserting in lieu

thereof the following:

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

1

2 3

4

6

7

9

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25 26

27

28 29

> 1 2 3

4 5

a. He left his employment in good faith for the sole purpose of accepting better employment, which he did accept, and that he remained continuously in said new employment for not less than six weeks. Wages earned with the employer that he has left shall, for the purpose of computing and charging benefits, be deemed wages earned from the employer with whom the individual accepted better employment and benefits shall be charged to the employer with whom he accepted better employment. The commission shall advise the chargeable employer of the name and address of the other employer, the period covered, and the extent of benefits which may be charged to the account of the chargeable employer. In those cases where the new employment is in another state, no employer's account shall be charged with benefits so paid except that employers who are required by law or by their election to reimburse the fund for benefits paid shall be charged with benefits under this paragraph.

SEC. 5. Section ninety-six point five (96.5), subsection one (1), Code 1971, is amended by striking paragraph "g" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

g. In the case where he left his work voluntarily without good cause attributable to his employer under circumstances which did or would disqualify him for benefits, under this subsection he, subse-

2

3

4

5

6

9

10

 $\frac{11}{12}$

13

14

 $\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 16 \end{array}$

17

18 19

 $\frac{20}{21}$

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

3

4

5

6

7

quent to such leaving, worked in and was paid wages for insured work in an amount not less than nine times the claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided he is otherwise eligible, but in the event extended benefits are in effect as provided for by this chapter, then benefits shall not be withheld after twelve consecutive weeks of unemployment from the date he quits, during which time he shall be actively and earnestly seeking employment.

SEC. 6. Section ninety-six point six (96.6), Code 1971, is amended by striking subsection two (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

2. Initial determination. A representative designated by the commission shall promptly notify all interested parties to the claim of the filing thereof, and said parties shall have seven days from the date of mailing the notice of the filing of said claim by ordinary mail to the last known address to protest payment of benefits to said claim-The representative shall promptly examine the claim and any protest thereto and, on the basis of the facts found by him, shall either determine whether or not such claim is valid, the week with respect to which benefits shall commence, the weekly benefit amount payable and the maximum duration thereof, and whether any disqualification shall be imposed, or shall refer such claim or any question involved therein to an appeal tribunal or to the commission, which shall make its determination with respect thereto in accordance with the procedure described in subsection three (3) of this section, except that in any case in which the payment or denial of benefits will be determined by the provisions of section ninety-six point five (96.5), subsection four (4), of the Code, the representative shall promptly transmit his full findings of fact with respect to that subsection to the commission, which, on the basis of the evidence submitted and such additional evidence as it may require, shall affirm, modify, or set aside such findings of fact and transmit to the representative a decision upon the issues involved under that subsection. The representative shall promptly notify the claimant and any other interested party of the decision and the reasons therefor. less the claimant or other interested party, within five calendar days after the delivery of such notification, or within seven calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last-known address, files an appeal from such decision, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith. If an appeal tribunal affirms a decision of the representative, or the commission affirms a decision of an appeal tribunal, allowing benefits, such benefits shall be paid regardless of any appeal which may thereafter be taken, but if such decision is finally reversed, no employer's account shall be charged with benefits so paid.

SEC. 7. Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection three (3), paragraph "a", subparagraph two (2), Code 1971, is amended as follows:

(2) [Benefits] The amount of regular benefits plus fifty percent of the amount of extended benefits, as determined under section 33 of this Act paid to an eligible individual shall be charged against the account of the employers in the base period in the inverse chronological order in which the employment of such individual occurred.

- Provided, that in any case in which a claimant to whom such bene-10 fits are paid is in the employ of a base period employer at the time he is receiving such benefits, and he is receiving the same employ-11 ment from such employer that he received during his base period, 12 then no charge of benefits paid to such claimant shall be made 13 against the account of such employer. 14
 - SEC. 8. Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection three (3), paragraph "a", subparagraph three (3), Code 1971, is amended as follows:
 - (3) The amount of regular benefits so charged in any calendar quarter against the account of any employer shall not exceed the amount of such individual's wage credits based on employment with such employer during such quarter. The amount of extended benefits so charged in any calendar quarter against the account of any employer shall not exceed an additional fifty percent of the amount of such individual's wage credits based on employment with such employer during such quarter.

Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection three (3), paragraph "b", Code 1971, is amended by inserting after unnumbered paragraph one (1), the following:

"In any case in which a clearly segregable and identifiable part of an enterprise or business for which contributions have been paid has been sold or otherwise transferred to a subsequent employing unit, and such successor employing unit having qualified as an 'employer' as defined under section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), paragraph 'b', of this chapter continues to operate such enterprise or business, such successor shall assume the position of the predecessor employer with respect to such predecessor's payrolls, contributions, accounts and contribution rates which are attributable to the part of the enterprise or business transferred to the same extent as if there has been no change in the ownership or control of such enterprise or business.

The contribution rate to be assigned to the acquiring employer for the period beginning not earlier than the date of the transfer and ending not later than the next following effective date of contribution rates, shall be the contribution rate applicable to the transferring employer with respect to the period immediately preceding the date of the transfer, provided that the acquiring employer was not, prior to the transfer, a subject employer, and only one transferring employer, or only transferring employers having identical rates, are involved; or a newly computed rate based on the experience of the transferring employer attributable to the part of the business transferred to the acquiring employer combined with the experience of the acquiring employer as of the last computation date.

The contribution rate to be assigned to the acquiring employer for the next following regular rate year, is a contribution rate based on the experience of the acquiring employer and only so much of the experience of the transferring employer as is attributable to the part

of the business transferred.

2

3

4

5

10

11

2 3

4

5

6 7

8

10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

Provided, however, that application for such transfer of partial record is made within sixty days from the date of transfer and meets the approval of the predecessor and the commission, and provided

4

5

6

7

 $\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ 10 \end{array}$

11

12 13

14

15

 $\frac{16}{17}$

 $\frac{18}{19}$

 $\frac{20}{21}$

22

23

24

25 26

27

28

1

 $\frac{2}{3}$

5

 $\frac{6}{7}$

8

 $\frac{9}{10}$

11

12

13

14

 $\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 16 \end{array}$

17

18 19

 $\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 21 \end{array}$

further that such partial record shall include sufficient information for the proper administration of this chapter with respect to payment of unemployment benefits and computation of future rates based on benefit experience."

SEC. 10. Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection three (3), Code 1971, is amended by striking paragraph "c" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

c. Each contributing employer's rate of contribution shall be two and seven-tenths percent except as otherwise provided in this chapter. No reduced rate of contribution shall be granted to a contributing employer until there shall have been twelve consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date throughout which his account has been chargeable with benefit payments. Provided, that with respect to the calendar year commencing January 1, 1972 and each calendar year thereafter, except as provided in paragraphs "d" and "e" of this subsection, a contributing employer who has not been subject to this chapter for a sufficient period of time to meet the twelve-quarter requirement shall qualify for a computed rate of contribution if there shall have been a lesser period throughout which his account has been chargeable, but in no event less than eight consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date; provided further, that with respect to the calendar year commencing January 1, 1972 and each calendar year thereafter, except as provided in paragraphs "d" and "e" of this subsection, each contributing employer newly subject to this chapter shall pay contributions at the rate of one and five-tenths percent until the end of the calendar year in which the employer shall have had eight consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date throughout which his account has been chargeable with benefit payments, thereafter his contribution rate shall be determined in accordance with paragraphs "d" and "e" of this subsection.

SEC. 11. Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection three (3), paragraph "d", Code 1971, is amended by striking the paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

d. The commission shall determine the rate table to be in effect for the calendar year following the rate computation date for such year, by determining the ratio of the current reserve fund ratio to the minimum adequate reserve fund ratio as of the rate computation date.

(1) The current reserve fund ratio shall be computed by dividing the total trust funds available for payment of benefits, on the computation date, by the total wages paid in covered employment during the four calendar quarters ending the June thirtieth immediately preceding the computation date.

(2) The minimum adequate reserve fund ratio shall be computed by multiplying the highest benefit cost rate by one point five.

(3) The highest benefit cost rate shall be the highest of the resulting ratios computed by dividing the total benefit payments during each consecutive twelve-month period, during the fifteen-year period ending on the computation date, by the total wages paid in the four calendar quarters ending nearest and prior to the last day of such twelve-month period.

 $\frac{42}{43}$

0.0

If the current reserve fund ratio, divided by the minimum adequate reserve fund ratio:

24 25	Equals or exceeds	But is less than	The table in effect shall be	
26		1.5	1	
27	1.5	2.0	2	
28	2.0	2.5	3	
29	2.5	3.0	4	
30	3.0		5	

Each employer's rate for each calendar year after December 31, 1971, shall be determined on the basis of his record and the record of the predecessor owner of such enterprise, if any, up to the computation date for such year. If, on the computation date, the total of all contributions paid to an employer's account for all past periods to and including those for the quarter ending September thirtieth immediately preceding the computation date exceeds the total benefits charged to such account for all past periods to and including those for the quarter ending September thirtieth immediately preceding the computation date, such employer's contribution rate subject to the adjustment hereinafter provided, shall be fixed in accordance with the following effective table. Percentage of excess in said table means the percentage resulting from dividing the excess of contributions paid over benefits charged by the employer's average annual payroll.

46 Contri- If the percentage of excess is:

41	Dution		m. 1.1.	m-11.	77 1 T	63 7 7		
48	Rates	Table	Table	Table	Table	Table		
49	Shall Be							
50	%	1	2	3	4	5		
51	$\widetilde{2.7}$	0.0-2.2	0.0—1.9	0.0-1.6	0.0—1.3	0.0—1.0		
52	2.5	2.2-2.4	1.9-2.1	1.6 - 1.7	1.3 - 1.4	1.0-1.1		
53	2.3	2.4 - 2.6	2.1 - 2.3	1.7 - 1.8	1.4 - 1.5	1.1—1.2		
$5\overline{4}$	$\frac{1}{2.1}$	2.6-2.8	2.3-2.5	1.8 - 1.9	1.5 - 1.6	1.2 - 1.3		
55	1.9	2.8-3.0	2.5-2.7	1.92.0	1.6 - 1.7	1.3—1.4		
56	1.7	3.0-3.2	2.7-2.9	2.0 - 2.2	1.7 - 1.8	1.4 - 1.5		
57	1.5	3.2-3.4	2.9 - 3.1	2.2-2.4	1.8—1.9	1.5—1.6		
58	1.3	3.4-3.6	3.1-3.3	2.4-2.6	1.9 - 2.0	1.6—1.7		
59	1.1	3.63.9	3.3—3.5	2.6-2.8	2.0-2.2	1.7—1.8		
60	0.9	3.9-4.3	3.5—3.7	2.8 - 3.1	2.2 - 2.4	1.8—1.9		
$\tilde{61}$	0.7	4.3-4.8	3.7-4.1	3.1-3.6	$\frac{2.4}{2.7}$	1.9—2.0		
62	0.5	4.8—5.5	4.1 - 4.7	3.6-4.4	2.7 - 3.2	2.0-2.2		
$\tilde{63}$	0.3	5.5-6.4	$\frac{1.7}{4.7}$	4.4 - 5.5	3.2-4.7	2.2 - 2.5		
64	0.2	0.0 0.1	2.1 0.1	1.1 0.0	0.2 1.1	2.5-2.9		
65	0.1	6.4 - 7.5	5.7—7.2	5.57.0	4.7 - 6.7	2.9 - 3.4		
66	0.075	0.1 1.0	0.1 1.2	0.0	11, 01,	3.4-4.1		
67	0.050					4.1 - 5.1		
68	0.025					5.1 - 6.5		
UO.	0.020					0.u0.u		

If, on the computation date, the total of all benefits paid from an employer's account for all past periods to and including those for the quarter ending September thirtieth immediately preceding the com-

7.5 & over 7.2 & over 7.0 & over 6.7 & over 6.5 & over

79

80

73 putation date, exceeds the total contributions paid to such account 74 for all past periods to and including those for the quarter ending 75 September thirtieth immediately preceding the computation date, 76 such employer's contribution rate shall be: 77 Contribution

Rate Percentage of Excess Is
4.0% 0.5% or more
3.5% 0.1% but less than 0.5%
3.0% 0.0% but less than 0.1%

81 82 Provided, that the maximum contribution rate of any employer 83 for the calendar year 1966 shall not be more than three percent, and for the calendar year 1967 shall not be more than three and five-84 tenths percent. Provided, however, that notwithstanding any other 85 86 provision of this chapter, any employer which employs individuals 87 in the construction, erection, demolition, alteration or repair of roads and highways, or of bridges, buildings, factories, residences, earth-88 work, grading, river work, or any other construction project, and 89 90 who has not qualified for an experience rating shall pay three percent in the calendar year 1966, three and five-tenths percent in the 91 calendar year 1967, and four point zero percent in the calendar year 92 1968 and every calendar year thereafter until such time as he has 93 qualified for an experience rating entitling said employer to a lesser 94 rate of contribution. Except that such employer shall not qualify for a lesser rate of contribution until there shall have been twelve 95 96 consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date throughout which his account has been chargeable with 97 98 benefit payments. Provided further, that in no event shall any 99 employer's contribution rate be more than two and seven-tenths percent of the first ten thousand dollars of wages for insured work 100 101 102 paid during any calendar quarter. 103

On or before the fifth day of December of each calendar year, beginning in 1971, the commission shall make available to employers the table which will apply to the contribution rates in the following

106 calendar year.

104

105

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

 $\frac{1}{2}$

3

4 5

6

SEC. 12. Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection seven (7), unnumbered paragraph one (1), Code 1971, is amended as follows:

If the commission believes that the assessment or collection of contributions payable or benefits reimbursable will be jeopardized by delay, the commission may immediately make an assessment of the estimated amount of contributions due or benefits reimbursable, together with all interest and penalty thereon as provided by this chapter, and demand payment thereof from the employer. If such payment is not made, a distress warrant may be issued or a lien filed against such employer immediately.

SEC. 13. Section ninety-six point seven (96.7), Code 1971, is

amended by adding the following new subsections:

"8. Financing benefits paid to state employees. Any state agency, board, commission, department, or instrumentality thereof, other than state-owned hospitals and institutions of higher education, which, pursuant to section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), paragraph 'h', of the Code, provided for in section

twenty-two (22) of this Act, is, or becomes, subject to this Act on or after January 1, 1972, shall pay to the commission for the unem-ployment fund an amount equal to the amount of regular benefits and of one-half of the extended benefits paid, that is attributable to service in the employ of such state agency, board, commission, department, or instrumentality thereof. Such payments shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection nine (9), paragraph 'b', of the Code, pro-vided for in this section.

 $\frac{25}{26}$

 $\frac{31}{32}$

 $\frac{33}{34}$

 $\frac{35}{36}$

 $\frac{44}{45}$

9. Financing benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations. Benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations or of any state-owned hospital or institution of higher education shall be financed in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. For the purpose of this subsection and section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19) of the Code, a nonprofit organization is an organization described in the U. S. Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 501 (c) (3), which is exempt from income tax under 26 U.S.C. 501 (a) of such Code.

a. Any state-owned hospital or institution of higher education, which, pursuant to section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), paragraph 'h', of the Code, provided for in section twenty-two (22) of this Act, or any nonprofit organization which, pursuant to section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), paragraph 'i', of the Code, provided for in section twenty-two (22) of this Act, is, or becomes, subject to this Act on or after January 1, 1972, shall pay contributions under the provisions of subsections one (1), two (2), and three (3) of this section, unless it elects, in accordance with this paragraph, to pay to the commission for the unemployment fund an amount equal to the amount of regular benefits and of one-half of the extended benefits paid, that is attributable to service in the employ of such nonprofit organization, to individuals for weeks of unemployment which begin during the effective period of such election.

(1) Any nonprofit organization or any state-owned hospital or institution of higher education which is, or becomes, subject to this Act on January 1, 1972, may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less than two calendar years commencing January 1, 1972, provided it files with the commission a written notice of its election within the thirty-day period immediately following such date or within a like period immediately following the effective date of this Act, whichever occurs later.

(2) Any nonprofit organization or any state-owned hospital or institution of higher education, which becomes subject to this Act after January 1, 1972, may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less than two calendar years following the date on which such subjectivity begins by filing a written notice of its election with the commission not later than thirty days immediately following the date of the determination of such subjectivity.

(3) Any nonprofit organization or any state-owned hospital or institution of higher education, which makes an election in accordance with subparagraphs one (1) or two (2) of this paragraph shall continue to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions until it files with the commission a written notice terminating its election

62 63

64

65

66

67 68 69

70

71

72

7374

75

7677

84

85 86

87 88

89

90

91 92

93 94

95 96 97

98

99

100

101 102

103

104 105 106

107 108 109

110 111

112

113

not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of the taxable year for which such termination shall first be effective.

(4) Any nonprofit organization or any state-owned hospital or institution of higher education, which has been paying contributions under this Act for a period on or after January 1, 1972, may change to a reimbursable basis by filing with the commission not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any taxable year a written notice of election to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions. Such election shall not be terminable by the organization for that and the next year.

(5) The commission may for good cause extend the period within which a notice of election, or a notice of termination, must be filed and may permit an election to be retroactive but not any earlier

than with respect to benefits paid after December 31, 1969.

(6) The commission, in accordance with such regulations as it may prescribe, shall notify each nonprofit organization of any determination which it may make of its status as an employer and of the effective date of any election which it makes and of any termination of such election. Such determinations shall be subject to reconsideration, appeal and review in accordance with the provisions of subsections five (5) and six (6) of this section.

b. Payments in lieu of contributions shall be made in accordance

with the following:

(1) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of any other period as determined by the commission, the commission shall bill each nonprofit organization which has elected to make payments in lieu of contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of regular benefits plus one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid during such quarter or other prescribed period that is attributable to service in the employ of such organization.

(2) Payment of any bill rendered shall be made not later than thirty days after such bill was mailed to the last known address of the nonprofit organization or was otherwise delivered to it, unless there has been an application for review and redetermination in

accordance with subparagraph four (4) of this paragraph.

(3) Payments made by any nonprofit organization under the provisions of this subsection shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the em-

ploy of the organization.

(4) The amount due specified in any bill from the commission shall be conclusive on the organization unless, not later than fifteen days following the date the bill was mailed to its last known address or otherwise delivered to it, the organization files an application for redetermination by the commission setting forth the grounds for such application. The commission shall promptly review and reconsider the amount due specified in the bill and shall thereafter issue a redetermination in any case in which such application for redetermination has been filed. Any such redetermination shall be conclusive on the organization unless, not later than sixty days after the redetermination was mailed to its last known address or otherwise delivered to it, the organization files an appeal to the district court pursuant to subsection six (6) of this section.

(5) The provisions for collection of contributions under section

ninety-six point fourteen (96.14) of the Code shall be applicable to payments in lieu of contributions.

10. Provision of bond or other security. In the discretion of the commission, any nonprofit organization that elects to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall be required within thirty days after the effective date of its election to execute and file with the commission a surety bond approved by the commission or it may elect instead to deposit with the commission money or securities. The amount of such bond or deposit shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.

114

115

116

117 118 119

120

121

122 123

124

125

126

127

128 129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138 139

140

141

142 143

144 145

146

147 148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156 157

158

159

160 161

162

163

164

165166

a. The amount of the bond or deposit required by this subsection shall be equal to two and seven-tenths percent of the organization's total taxable wages paid for employment for the four calendar quarters immediately preceding the effective date of the election, the renewal date in the case of a bond, or the biennial anniversary of the effective date of election in the case of a deposit of money or securities, whichever date shall be most recent and applicable. If the nonprofit organization did not pay wages in each of such four calendar quarters, the amount of the bond or deposit shall be as determined by the commission.

b. Any bond deposited under this subsection shall be in force for a period of not less than two taxable years and shall be renewed with the approval of the commission, at such times as the commission may prescribe, but not less frequently than at two-year intervals as long as the organization continues to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions. The commission shall require adjustments to be made in a previously filed bond as it deems appropriate. If the bond is to be increased, the adjusted bond shall be filed by the organization within thirty days of the date notice of the required adjustment was mailed or otherwise delivered to it. Failure by any organization covered by such bond to pay the full amount of payments in lieu of contributions when due, together with any applicable interest and penalties provided for in section ninety-six point fourteen (96.14) of the Code shall render the surety liable on said bond to the extent of the bond, as though the surety was such organization.

Any deposit of money or securities in accordance with this subsection shall be retained by the commission in an escrow account until liability under the election is terminated, at which time it shall be returned to the organization, less any deductions as hereinafter provided. The commission may deduct from the money deposited under this paragraph by a nonprofit organization or sell the securities it has so deposited to the extent necessary to satisfy any due and unpaid payments in lieu of contributions and any applicable interest and penalties provided for in section ninety-six point fourteen (96.14) of the Code. The commission shall require the organization within thirty days following any deduction from a money deposit or sale of deposited securities under the provisions of this paragraph to deposit sufficient additional money or securities to make whole the organization's deposit at the prior level. cash remaining from the sale of such securities shall be a part of the organization's escrow account. The commission may, at any time, review the adequacy of the deposit made by any organization.

 $206 \\ 207 \\ 208$

If, as a result of such review, it determines that an adjustment is necessary, it shall require the organization to make additional deposit within thirty days of written notice of its determination or shall return to it such portion of the deposit as it no longer considers necessary, whichever action is appropriate. Disposition of income from securities held in escrow shall be governed by the applicable provisions of the Code.

11. Authority to terminate elections. If any nonprofit organization fails to file a bond or make a deposit, or to file a bond in an increased amount or to increase or make whole the amount of a previously made deposit, the commission may terminate such organization's election to make payments in lieu of contributions and such termination shall continue for not less than the four-consecutive-calendar-quarter period beginning with the quarter in which such termination becomes effective; provided, that the commission may extend for good cause the applicable filing, deposit, or adjust-

ment period by not more than thirty days. 184 12. Allocation of benefit cost. Each er

12. Allocation of benefit cost. Each employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay to the commission for the fund the amount of regular benefits plus the amount of one-half of extended benefits paid during each quarter that are attributable to service in the employ of such employer. If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by more than one employer and one or more of such employers are liable for payments in lieu of contributions, the amount payable to the fund by each employer that is liable for such payment shall be payable each quarter by the base period employers in inverse chronological order in which the employment of such individual occurred. Provided, that the amount of any such employer's liability in any calendar quarter shall not exceed the amount of such individual's wage credits plus one-half the amount of extended benefits based on employment with such employer during such quarter of the base period.

Two or more employers that have become 13. Group accounts. liable for payments in lieu of contributions, in accordance with the provisions of subsection nine (9), paragraph 'a', of this section or in accordance with section fifteen (15) of this Act, may file a joint application to the commission for the establishment of a group account for the purpose of sharing the cost of benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such employers. Each such application shall identify and authorize a group representative to act as the group's agent for the purposes of this subsection. Upon its approval of the application, the commission shall establish a group account for such employers effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter in which it receives the application and shall notify the group's representative of the effective date of the account. Such account shall remain in effect for not less than one year and thereafter until terminated at the discretion of the commission or upon application by the group. Upon establishment of the account, each member of the group shall be liable for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to each calendar quarter in the amount that bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid in such quarter that are attributable to service performed in the employ of all members of the group as the total wages paid for service in employment by such member in such quarter bear to the total wages paid during such quarter for service performed in the employ of all members of the group. The commission shall prescribe such regu-lations as it deems necessary with respect to applications for estab-lishment, maintenance and termination of group accounts that are authorized by this subsection, for addition of new members to, and withdrawal of active members from, such accounts, and for the determination of the amounts that are payable under this subsection by members of the group and the time and manner of such pay-ments.

14. Notwithstanding any provisions in subsection nine (9), of this section, any nonprofit organization that prior to January 1, 1969, paid contributions required by this section of the Code, and, pursuant to subsection nine (9) of this section, elects, within thirty days after the effective date of this Act to make payments in lieu of contributions, shall not be required to make any such payment on account of any regular or extended benefits paid, on the basis of wages paid by such organization to individuals for weeks of unemployment which begin on or after the effective date of such election until the total amount of such benefits equals the amount of the positive balance in the experience rating account of such organization."

SEC. 14. Section ninety-six point eight (96.8), subsection two

(2), Code 1971, is amended as follows:

 $\frac{231}{232}$

 $\frac{10}{11}$

 $\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 14 \end{array}$

 $\frac{9}{10}$

2. Voluntary termination. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of this section, an employing unit shall cease to be an employer subject to this chapter, as of the first day of January of any calendar year, if it files with the commission, prior to the fifteenth day of February of such year, a written application for termination of coverage, and the commission finds that [there was no twenty different weeks within the preceding calendar year, within which such employing unit employed four or more individuals in employment subject to this chapter. For the purpose of this subsection, the two or more employing units mentioned in paragraph "b" or "c" or "d" of section 96.19 subsection 6 shall be treated as a single employing unit] such employing unit did not meet any of the qualifying liability requirements as provided under section 96.19, subsection 6, paragraphs "a," "b," "c," "d," "e," "f," or "g," and section 96.19, subsection 6, paragraphs "h" or "i" provided for in section twenty-two (22) of this Act, in the preceding calendar year.

SEC. 15. Section ninety-six point eight (96.8), subsection three (3), Code 1971, is amended by adding the following new paragraph: c. Any political subdivision of this state may elect to cover under this Act service performed by employees in all of the hospitals and institutions of higher education operated by such political subdivision. Election is to be made by filing with the commission a notice of such election at least thirty days prior to the effective date of such election. The election may exclude any services described in section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection seven (7), paragraph "g", subparagraph seven (7) of the Code, provided for in section twenty-seven (27) of this Act. Any political subdivision electing coverage under this paragraph shall make payments in lieu of con-

14

15

16

 $\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 18 \end{array}$

19

20

 $\frac{21}{22}$

23

24

 $\frac{25}{26}$ $\frac{27}{27}$

28

29

30

31

32 33

 $\frac{1}{2}$

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

 $\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

 $\frac{21}{22}$

23

24

 $\frac{25}{26}$

27

28

29

30

tributions with respect to benefits attributable to such employment as provided with respect to nonprofit organizations in section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection nine (9), paragraph "b", of the Code, provided for in section thirteen (13) of this Act. The provisions in section ninety-six point four (96.4) of the Code, provided for in section three (3) of this Act, with respect to benefit rights based on service for state and nonprofit institutions of higher education shall be applicable also to service covered by an election under this section.

The amounts required to be paid in lieu of contributions by any political subdivision under this paragraph shall be billed and payment made as provided in section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsection nine (9), paragraph "b", of the Code, provided for in section thirteen (13) of this Act, with respect to similar payments by nonprofit organizations.

An election under this section may be terminated, by filing with the commission written notice not later than thirty days preceding the last day of the calendar year in which the termination is to be effective. Such termination becomes effective as of the first day of the next ensuing calendar year with respect to services performed after that date.

SEC. 16. Section ninety-six point eleven (96.11), subsection eleven (11), Code 1971, is amended by striking unnumbered paragraph one (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"In the administration of this chapter, the commission shall cooperate with the United States department of labor to the fullest extent consistent with the provisions of this chapter, and shall take such action, through the adoption of appropriate rules, regulations, administrative methods and standards, as may be necessary to secure to this state and its citizens all advantages available under the provisions of the Social Security Act that relates to unemployment compensation, the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, the Wagner-Peyser Act, and the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.

In the administration of the provisions of section thirty-three (33) of this Act which are enacted to conform with the requirements of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970, the commission shall take such action as may be necessary to insure that the provisions are so interpreted and applied as to meet the requirements of such federal Act as interpreted by the United States department of labor, and to secure to this state the full reimbursement of the federal share of extended benefits paid under this chapter that are reimbursable under the federal Act.

The commission shall make such reports, in such form and containing such information as the United States department of labor may from time to time require, and shall comply with such provisions as the United States department of labor may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and shall comply with the regulations prescribed by the United States department of labor governing the expenditures of such sums as may be allotted and paid to this state under title three (III) of the Social Security Act for the purpose of assisting in administration of this chapter."

SEC. 17. Section ninety-six point fourteen (96.14), subsection two (2), Code 1971, is amended by striking unnumbered paragraph

three (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

However, in the event an employer is not required to make a contribution, the penalties for failure to file a report when due, or an insufficient report when due, shall be an amount equal to two percent (2%) of the contributions which would have been required to be paid had the employer's rate been one percent (1%) of his taxable payroll, for each month or part thereof for failure to file such report, provided that the total of such penalties shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the contribution so determined. After December 31, 1971, no penalty or penalties shall be less than ten dollars (\$10.00).

SEC. 18. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection one (1), Code 1971, is amended as follows:

1 2

5

6

8

9 10 11

12

13

1 2 3

4

10 11

12

13 14 15

16

 $\frac{1}{3}$

5

10

11 12

13

14

15 16 17

18 19 20

21

22

1. "Annual payroll." The term "annual payroll" as used in subsection 3 "d" of section 96.7 means the total amount of taxable wages paid by an employer for insured work during the period of four consecutive calendar quarters ending on September 30 of each year, and the term "average annual payroll" as used in said subsection means the average of the "annual payrolls" of an employer for the last three periods of four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date. Except that for an employer who qualifies on any computation date for a computed rate on the basis of less than twelve consecutive calendar quarters of chargeability immediately preceding the computation date, the term average annual payroll shall be the average of the annual payrolls for the last two periods of four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date.

SEC. 19. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), Code 1971, is amended by striking paragraphs "a", "b",

and "c" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

a. For purposes of this chapter the term "employer" means with respect to any calendar year after December 31, 1971 any employing unit which in any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar year paid for service in employment wages as defined in subsection thirteen (13) of this section of one thousand five hundred dollars or more, or for some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding calendar year, had in employment at least one individual (irrespective of whether the same individual was in employment in each such day).

b. Any employing unit (whether or not an employing unit at the time of acquisition) which acquired the organization, trade, or business, or substantially all of the assets thereof, of another employing unit which at the time of such acquisition was an employer subject to this chapter, or which acquired a part of the organization, trade, or business of another employing unit which at the time of such acquisition was an employer subject to this chapter. Provided, that such other employing unit would have been an employer under paragraph "a" of this subsection, if such part had constituted its entire

organization, trade, or business.

25 26 27

28

1

2

3 4 5

5 6

2

 $\tilde{3}$

4

5 6

7

8 9 10

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23

1

2 $\bar{3}$

c. Any employing unit which acquired the organization, trade, or business, or substantially all the assets of another employing unit and which, if treated as a single unit with such other employing unit, would be an employer under paragraph "a" of this subsection.

SEC. 20. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), paragraph "e", Code 1971, is amended as follows:

e. Any employing unit which, having become an employer under paragraph "a", "b", "c" [or], "d", "f", "g", or "h" or "i" as provided for in section twenty-two (22) of this Act, has not, under section 96.8, ceased to be an employer subject to this chapter.

SEC. 21. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), paragraph "g", Code 1971, is amended by striking unnumbered paragraph one (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Any employing unit not an employer by reason of any other para-Any employing unit not an employer by reason of any other paragraph of this subsection for which, within either the current or preceding calendar year, service is or was performed with respect to which such employing unit is liable for any federal tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund; or which, as a condition for approval of this Act for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (26 U.S.C. 3301-3308), is required, pursuant to such Act, to be an "employer" under this Act.

Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection six (6), Code 1971, is amended by adding the following new paragraphs:

h. Any employing unit for which service in employment as defined in subsection seven (7), paragraph "a", subparagraph four (4), of this section, provided for in section twenty-three (23) of this Act, is performed after December 31, 1971.

i. Any employing unit for which service in employment, as defined in subsection seven (7), paragraph "a", subparagraph five (5), of this section provided for in section twenty-three (23) of this Act,

is performed after December 31, 1971.
j. For purposes of paragraphs "a" and "i", employment shall include service which would constitute employment but for the fact that such service is deemed to be performed entirely within another state pursuant to an election under an arrangement entered into in accordance with subsection seven (7), paragraph "d" of this section, by the commission and an agency charged with the administration of any other state or federal unemployment compensation law.

k. For purposes of paragraphs "a" and "i" of this subsection, if any week includes both December thirty-first and January first, the days of that week up to January first shall be deemed one calendar week and the days beginning January first another such week.

Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection seven (7), Code 1971, is amended by striking paragraph "a" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

a. Except as otherwise provided in this section "employment" means service, including service in interstate commerce, performed

for wages or under any contract of hire, written or oral, expressed or implied. Employment also means any service performed prior to January 1, 1972, which was employment as defined in this subsection prior to such date and, subject to the other provisions of this 10 subsection, service performed after December 31, 1971, by:

(1) Any officer of a corporation, or

(2) Any individual who, under the usual common law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, has the

status of an employee, or

7 8

9

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35 36 37

38

39

40

41

42

43

50

51

52

53 54

55

56

57

58 59

(3) Any individual other than an individual who is an employee under subparagraphs one (1) or two (2) of this paragraph who performs services for remuneration for any person as an agent driver or commission driver engaged in distributing meat products. vegetable products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages (other than milk), or laundry or dry cleaning services for his principal; as a traveling or city salesman, other than as an agent driver or commission driver, engaged upon a full-time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the transmission to, his principal (except for sideline sales activities on behalf of some other person) of orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels, restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for resale or supplies for use in their business operations.

Provided, that for purposes of paragraph "a", subparagraph three (3) the term "employment" shall include services performed after December 31, 1971, only if:

- (a) The contract of service contemplates that substantially all of the services are to be performed personally by such individual;
- (b) The individual does not have a substantial investment in facilities used in connection with the performance of the services (other than in facilities for transportation); and(c) The services are not in the nature of single transaction that
- is not part of a continuing relationship with the person for whom the services are performed.
- (4) Service performed after December 31, 1971, by an individual in the employ of this state or any of its wholly owned instrumentalities.
- 5) Service performed after December 31, 1971, by an individual in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational or other organithe employ of a rengious, charitable, educational of other organization, but only if the service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (26 U.S.C. 3301-3308) solely by reason of section 3306 (c) (8) of that Act.

 (6) For the purposes of subparagraphs four (4) and five (5), of this paragraph, the term "employment" does not apply to service

performed:

- (a) In the employ of a church or convention or association of churches, or an organization which is operated primarily for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled, or principally supported by a church or convention or association of churches.
- (b) By a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order.
- (c) In the employ of a school which is not an institution of higher education.

61

62

63

64

65

66

67 68

69

70

71

72

2 3

4

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

24

25 26

27

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35 36

37

38 39

- (d) In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who, because of their impaired physical or mental capacity, cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work.
- (e) As part of an unemployment work relief or work training program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal agency or an agency of a state or political subdivision thereof, by an individual receiving such work relief or work training; or
- (f) For a hospital in a state prison or other state correctional institution by an inmate of the prison or correctional institution.

Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection SEC. 24. seven (7), paragraph "b", Code 1971, is amended by striking subparagraph two (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(2) The service is not localized in any state but some of the service is performed in this state and (i) the base of operations, or, if there is no base of operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this state; or (ii) the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is in this state, or

(3) The service is performed outside the United States (except in Canada or the Virgin Islands) after December 31, 1971, by a citizen of the United States in the employ of an American employer (other than service which is deemed "employment" under the provisions of subparagraphs one (1) and two (2) of this paragraph or the parallel provisions of another state law), if:

(a) The employer's principal place of business in the United

States is located in this state; or

- (b) The employer has no place of business in the United States but the employer is an individual who is a resident of this state, or the employer is a corporation which is organized under the laws of this state, or the employer is a partnership or a trust and the number of the partners or trustees who are residents of this state is greater than the number who are residents of any one other state;
- (c) None of the criteria of subdivisions (a) and (b) of this subparagraph is met, but the employer has elected coverage in this state, or the employer having failed to elect coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits based on such service under the law of this state.
- (d) An "American employer", for purposes of this subparagraph. means a person who is an individual who is a resident of the United States or a partnership if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents of the United States, or a trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the United States, or a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or of any state.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs one (1), two (2), and three (3) of this paragraph, all service performed after December 31, 1971, by an officer or member of the crew of an

 $\frac{1}{2}$

 $\frac{13}{14}$

 $\frac{2}{3}$

American vessel on or in connection with such vessel, if the operating office from which the operations of such vessel operating on navigable waters within and without the United States are ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed and controlled is within this state, and

(5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection, service with respect to which a tax is required to be paid under any federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund or which, as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (26 U.S.C. 3301-3308), is required to be covered under this Act.

SEC. 25. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection seven (7), paragraph "g", Code 1971, is amended by striking subparagraph one (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(1) Service performed in the employ of this state by an elected official or service performed in the employ of any political subdivision of this state or any instrumentality of its political subdivisions. Provided that this exemption shall not be deemed to apply to services performed for a hospital or institution of higher education operated by a political subdivision of this state which has elected coverage for such services pursuant to section ninety-six point eight (96.8), subsection three (3), paragraph "c", of the Code; and service performed in the employ of any political subdivision of this state, or any instrumentality of any political subdivision, which for the effective period of its election pursuant to section ninety-six point eight (96.8), subsection three (3), paragraph "a", of the Code, has voluntarily elected that all services performed for it by individuals in its employ shall be deemed to constitute employment for all purposes of this chapter. Nothing in this or any other provision of this chapter shall be construed to restrict the right of any political subdivision to elect coverage solely for institutions of higher education and hospitals as provided in section ninety-six point eight (96.8), subsection three (3), paragraph "c" of the Code.

SEC. 26. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection seven (7), paragraph "g", Code 1971, is amended by striking subparagraph four (4) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(4) Agricultural labor. For purposes of this chapter, the term "agricultural labor" means any service performed prior to January 1, 1972, which was agricultural labor as defined in this subparagraph prior to such date, and remunerated service performed after December 31, 1971:

(a) On a farm in the employ of any person in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife.

(b) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm.

 (c) In connection with the production or harvesting of any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15(g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended (46 Stat. 1550, Sec. 3, 12 U.S.C. 1141j), or in connection with ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes.

(d) (i) In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity, but only if such operator produced more than one-half of the commodity with respect to which such

service is performed;

(ii) In the employ of a group of operators of farms (or a cooperative organization of which such operators are members) in the performance of service described in (i) of subdivision (d) of this subparagraph, but only if such operators produced more than one-half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed;

(iii) The provisions of (i) and (ii) of subdivision (d) of this subparagraph shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption.

(e) On a farm operated for profit if such service is not in the course of the employer's trade or business or is domestic service in

a private home of the employer.

(f) The term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, furbearing animals, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities, and orchards.

SEC. 27. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection seven (7), paragraph "g", Code 1971, is amended by striking subparagraph seven (7) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(7) Service performed in the employ of a school, college, or university if such service is performed by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college or university or by the spouse of such student, if such spouse is advised, at the time such spouse commences to perform such service, that the employment of such spouse to perform such service is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to such student by such school, college, or university, and such employment will not be covered by any program of unemployment insurance.

Service performed by an individual under the age of twenty-two years who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on as a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at such institution,

19 which combines academic instruction with work experience, if such 20 service is an integral part of such program and such institution has 21 so certified to the employer, except that this subparagraph shall not 22 apply to service performed in a program established for or on behalf 23 of an employer or group of employers. 24

Service performed in the employ of a hospital if such service is

25 performed by a patient of the hospital.

Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), subsection seven (7), paragraph "g", Code 1971, is amended by striking subparagraph eight (8).

Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), Code 1971, is amended by striking subsection eleven (11) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

4 11. "State" includes, in addition to the states of the United States, 5 the District of Columbia, Canada, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin 6 Islands.

Sec. 30. Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), Code 1971, is amended by striking subsection twenty-one (21) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

21. Taxable wages. For the purposes of section ninety-six point seven (96.7), subsections one (1) and two (2) of the Code and subsequent to December 31, 1971, taxable wages shall not include that part of remuneration which, after remuneration equal to four thousand two hundred dollars has been paid in a calendar year to an individual by an employer or his predecessor with respect to employment during any calendar year, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year unless that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund.

For the purposes of this subsection, the term "employment" includes service constituting employment under any unemployment compensation law of another state provided such other state will consider service performed in Iowa in determining the contribution base.

19

1

3

1

2

3

1

2

 $\overline{3}$

4

5 6

7

8

9 10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16

Section ninety-six point nineteen (96.19), Code 1971, is SEC. 31. amended by adding the following new subsections:

1. "'Hospital' means an institution which has been licensed, certified, or approved by the Iowa department of health as a hospital.'

2. "For the purposes of this chapter the phrase, 'institution of higher education', means an educational institution which admits as regular students individuals having a certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized equivalent of such certificate; is legally authorized in this state primarily to provide a program of education beyond high school; provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor's or higher degree or provides a program which is acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, a program of postgraduate or postdoctoral studies, or a program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; and is a public or other nonprofit institution."

3. "'United States' for the purposes of this section includes the

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

37 38

39 40

41

42 43

51 52 53

54 55

56

57 58 59

60

61 62

63 64

65

66 67

68

69

17 states, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto 18 Rico."

4. "'Extended benefit period' means a period which:

- a. Begins with the third week after whichever of the following weeks occurs first:
 - (1) A week for which there is a national 'on' indicator, or

(2) A week for which there is a state 'on' indicator, and b. Ends with either of the following weeks, whichever occurs later:

(1) The third week after the first week for which there is both a national 'off' indicator and a state 'off' indicator, or

(2) The thirteenth consecutive week of such period.

Provided that no extended benefit period may begin by reason of a state 'on' indicator before the fourteenth week following the end of a prior extended benefit period which was in effect with respect to this state, and

Provided further that no extended benefit period may become effective in this state prior to January 1, 1972."

5. "'National on indicator' means for any week that the United States secretary of labor determines that for each of the three most recent completed calendar months ending before such week, the rate of insured unemployment (seasonally adjusted) for all states equalled or exceeded four and one-half percent.

6. "'National off indicator' means for any week that the United States secretary of labor determines that for each of the three most recent completed calendar months ending before such week the rate of insured unemployment (seasonally adjusted) for all states was less than four and one-half percent."

7. "'State on indicator' means for any week that the commission determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks the rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this Act equalled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen week period ording in each of the precedthe corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preced-

ing two calendar years and equalled or exceeded four percent."

8. "'State off indicator' means for any week that the commission determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks the rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this Act was less than one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years or was less than four percent.'

9. "'Rate of insured unemployment', for purposes of determining state 'on' indicator and state 'off' indicator, means the percentage derived by dividing the average weekly number of individuals filing claims in Iowa for weeks of unemployment with respect to the most recent thirteen consecutive week period, as determined by the commission on the basis of its reports to the United States secretary of labor, by the average monthly insured employment covered under this Act for the first four of the most recent six completed calendar quarters ending before the end of such thirteen-week period."

10. "'Regular benefits' means benefits payable to an individual

under this or under any other state law (including benefits payable to
federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C.,
Chapter 85) other than extended benefits."

11. "'Extended benefits' means benefits (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C., Chapter 85) payable to an individual under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in his eligibility period."

12. "'Eligibility period' of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in his benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period and, if his benefit year ends within such extended benefit

period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period."

13. "Exhaustee' means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment in his eligibility period has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to him under this Act or any other state law (including dependents' allowances and benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85) in his current benefit year that includes such weeks. Provided that for the purposes of this subsection an individual shall be deemed to have received all of the regular benefits that were available to him, although as a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages that were not considered in the original monetary determination in his benefit year he may subsequently be determined to be entitled to add regular benefits, or:

(a) His benefit year having expired prior to such week, has no, or insufficient, wages and on the basis of which he could establish a

new benefit year that would include such week, and

(b) He has no right to unemployment benefits or allowances under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965, and such other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued by the United States secretary of labor, and he has not received and is not seeking unemployment benefits under the unemployment compensation law of the Virgin Islands or of Canada, but if he is seeking such benefits and the appropriate agency finally determines that he is not entitled to benefits under such law he is considered an exhaustee."

14. "'State law' means the unemployment insurance law of any state, approved by the United States secretary of labor under 26

107 U.S.C. 3304."

 $\frac{2}{3}$

 $\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$

SEC. 32. Section ninety-six point twenty (96.20), subsections one (1), two (2), and three (3), Code 1971, are amended as follows:

1. The commission is hereby authorized to enter into arrangements with the appropriate agencies of other states, or a contiguous country with which the United States has an agreement with respect to unemployment compensation or the federal government whereby potential rights to benefits accumulated under the unemployment compensation laws of several states or under such a law of the federal government, or both, may constitute the basis for the payment of benefits through a single appropriate agency under terms which the commission finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests and will not result in any substantial loss to the fund.

2. The commission may enter into arrangements with the appropriate agencies of other states or a contiguous country with which

42

 $\frac{43}{44}$

 $\frac{45}{46}$

47

48

49

50

51

52

53 54

55

56

57

58

59

60

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

16 the United States has an agreement with respect to unemployment 17 compensation or of the federal government (a) whereby wages or 18 services, upon the basis of which an individual may become entitled to benefits under the unemployment compensation law of another 19 20 state or of the federal government, shall be deemed to be wages for 21 employment by employers for the purposes of section 96.3 and section 22 96.4, subsection 5; provided such other state agency or agency of the 23 federal government has agreed to reimburse the fund for such portion 24 of benefits, paid under this chapter upon the basis of such wages or 25 services as the commission finds will be fair and reasonable as to all 26 affected interests, and (b) whereby the commission will reimburse 27 other state or federal agencies charged with the administration of 28 unemployment compensation laws with such reasonable portion of 29 benefits paid under the law of any such other states or of the federal 30 government upon the basis of employment or wages for employment by employers, as the commission finds will be fair and reasonable 31 32 as to all affected interests. Reimbursements so payable shall be 33 deemed to be benefits for the purposes of section 96.3, subsection 5, 34 and section 96.9, but no reimbursement so payable shall be charged 35 against any employer's account for the purposes of section 96.7. 36 The commission is hereby authorized to make to other state or federal 37 agencies and receive from such other state or federal agencies, 38 reimbursements from or to the fund, in accordance with arrange-39 ments pursuant to this section. 40

The commission shall participate in any arrangements for the payment of compensation on the basis of combining an individual's wages and employment covered under this Act with his wages and employment covered under the unemployment compensation laws of other states which are approved by the United States secretary of labor in consultation with the state unemployment compensation agencies as reasonably calculated to assure the prompt and full payment of compensation in such situations and which include provisions for: applying the base period of a single state law to a claim involving the combining of an individual's wages and employment covered under two or more state unemployment compensation laws, and avoiding the duplication use of wages and employment by reason of

such combining.

3. The commission is hereby authorized to enter into agreements with the appropriate agencies of other states or a contiguous country with which the United States has an agreement with respect to unemployment compensation or the federal government administering unemployment compensation laws to provide that contributions on wages for services performed by an individual in more than one state for the same employer may be paid to the appropriate agency of one state.

SEC. 33. Chapter ninety-six (96), Code 1971, is amended by adding the following new section:

"Extended benefits. Except when the result would be inconsistent with the other provisions of this chapter, as provided in regulations of the commission, the provisions of the law which apply to claims for or the payment of regular benefits shall apply to claims for, and the payment of, extended benefits.

1. Eligibility requirements for extended benefits. An individual

- shall be eligible to receive extended benefits with respect to any week of unemployment in his eligibility period only if the commission 10 11 finds that with respect to such week:
 - a. He is an 'exhaustee' as defined in this Act.
- b. He has satisfied the requirements of this Act for the receipt of 13 14 regular benefits that are applicable to individuals claiming extended benefits, including not being subject to a disqualification for the 15 16 receipt of benefits. 17
- 2. Weekly extended benefit amount. The weekly extended benefit amount payable to an individual for a week of total unemployment 19 in his eligibility period shall be an amount equal to the weekly benefit amount payable to him during his applicable benefit year. 20
- 21 3. Total extended benefit amount. The total extended benefit 22 amount payable to any eligible individual with respect to his applicable benefit year shall be the least of the following amounts. 23
- 24 a. Fifty percent of the total amount of regular benefits which were 25 payable to him under this Act in his applicable benefit year.
- 26 b. Thirteen times his weekly benefit amount which was payable to 27 him under this Act for a week of total unemployment in the appli-28 cable benefit year.
- 29 4. Beginning and termination of extended benefit period. When-30 ever an extended benefit period is to become effective in Iowa, or in all states, as a result of a state or a national 'on' indicator, or an ex-31 32 tended benefit period is to be terminated in Iowa as a result of state and national 'off' indicators, the commission shall make an appro-33 priate public announcement. Computations required by the provisions 34 35 of this subsection shall be made by the commission in accordance with regulations prescribed by the United States secretary of labor." 36
- The provisions of this Act shall become effective January 2 1, 1972, except that sections ten (10) and eleven (11) of this Act shall become effective October 1, 1971.

Approved June 30, 1971.

Italics indicate new material added to existing statutes; brackets indicate deletions from existing statutes. However, see Editor's note, page iii.

CHAPTER 114†

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR VETERANS

S. F. 70

AN ACT relating to eligibility for unemployment compensation for veterans. Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Section ninety-six point five (96.5), subsection five (5), Code 1971, is amended as follows:
- 3 5. Other compensation. For any week with respect to which he is 4 receiving, has received, or is entitled to receive payment in the form 5
 - a. Wages in lieu of notice;
- 6 7 b. Compensation for temporary disability under the workmen's 8 compensation law of any state or under a similar law of the United States:

12

18